

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday April 18, to Saturday April 22, 1758.

Extract of a Letter from Nimmequen, April 12.

ACCORDING to Advices received Yesterday from Wesel, the Prince of Clermont was still there; but had sent several Regiments out of the City, to canton higher up the Rhine. One cannot judge, from one Day to another, what their Design may be. The Troops are in continual Motion, which, I believe, is meant to make them appear stronger than they really are. The Inhabitants of Wesel are no longer under Apprehensions that the French will defend that Fortrefs. This Day or two past, several French Officers, who are cantoned in a Village near this Town, came hither: They all exprefs great Dissatisfaction at the Conduct of their Generals.

Extract of a Letter from Venlo, April 12.

Almost all the French Troops are actually on this Side the Rhine. Some have passed the Maese, even as far as the Country of Kessel. The Quarters of Cantonment extend from Cleves to Andernack.

The Garrison of Wesel consists of six Squadrons and twelve Battalions of French, besides six Austrian Battalions. Lieutenant General Dombarle will be Governor of this Place; and Major General Pifa will command at Gueldres; the Garrison of which last Place consists of two Austrian and four French Battalions. The most advanced Posts of the Hanoverian Troops are at Dornsten: Their Hussars make Incursions, from Time to Time, as far as Wesel.

Hague, April 15. The Letters from Hanover of the 11th Instant, which arrived here this Morning, have brought nothing new, except that they had had Accounts from the Head Quarters at Munster, that all was very quiet there; that Prince Ferdinand was causing all the Troops, that could be spared from the Garrisons, to join him with all Expedition; and that Major General Hardenberg, after leaving Captain Braun with 170 Men in Garrison at Bremen, had marched with the Remainder of Grote's Regiment by Vechte to the Army.

They write from Willhausen, that on the 9th Instant they had sent a Detachment to Bentheim, to dislodge the Munsterian Garrison from the Castle there.

Accounts from Hamburgh mention, that the King of Prussia pressed Schweidnitz very hard. It is added, that according to Advices received by the Way of Dantzic, the Russians had not on the 2d Instant passed the Vistula; and that it was even expected some Event might still prevent their passing that River.

Admiralty Office, April 20.

His Majesty's Ship Gibraltar is arrived at Spithead from Gibraltar, with the Marqués Duquesne, Chef de Escadre of the French King, who was taken in the Foudroyant by the Squadron of His Majesty's Ships under the Command of Admiral Osborne, with the two Captains of the said Ship, and two Captains of the

Orphée, taken at the same Time, who are landed at Southampton, in order to go to Northampton, where they are to reside.

Admiralty Office, April 22.

Extract of a Letter from Sir Edward Hawke to Mr. Cleveland, dated the 11th of April.

On the 3d of April the Squadron, consisting of seven Ships of the Line and three Frigates, made the Light of the Baleines on the Isle of Rhé, about Nine at Night, the Weather being fair, and a moderate Breeze at N. N. W.: At Eleven tacked and stood off till half past Two in the Morning of the 4th, when we tacked again, Wind at N. E. then brought too and prepared for Action: At Three we made Sail towards Basque Road: At Day-break we discovered a numerous Convoy, a few Leagues to Windward, and gave Chace; but the Wind baffling, the Convoy, with three Frigates that escorted it, got into St. Martin's on the Isle of Rhé, except one Brig that was run on Shore and burnt by the Hussar. At Noon, we bore away for Basque Road in a Line a-head, with a moderate Gale at N. N. W.: At Four in the Afternoon discovered the Enemy plain, lying off the Isle d'Aix. Their Force was the Florissant of 74, Sphinx 64, Hardi 64, Dragon 64, Warwick 60 Guns, and six or seven Frigates, with about 40 Merchant Ships, which I have been since informed had 3000 Troops on Board. At half past Four made a Signal for a general Chace to the S. E. At Five the Enemy began to cut and slip their Cables, and to run in great Confusion: At Six their Commodore made off, when we were within Gun-shot and half: Many of those Ships which fled were by this Time on the Mud: As I knew for certain there was not sufficient Depth of Water for us to follow them, at half past Six we came to an Anchor abreast of d'Aix: At Five next Morning saw all the Enemy's Ships aground, and almost dry, about five or six Miles distant from us: Many of the Merchant, and several of the Ships of War, were on their Broadfides. As soon as the Flood made, I put the best Pilots on board the Intrepid and Medway, and sent them a Gun-shot farther in, where they anchored; and sounding a little a-head at high Water, they found but five Fathom, of which the Tide rises 18 Feet.

By this Time Boats and Launches from Rochefort, &c. were employed in carrying out Warps to drag the Ships through the soft Mud, as soon as they should be Water-borne: In the mean Time they threw over board their Guns, Stores, Ballast, and were even heaving Water out of their Ports; all which we could plainly discover. Some of the Men of War got that Day as far up as the Mouth of the Charente. The Merchant Ships were a-ground towards Isle Madame. Our Frigates Boats cut away about 80 Buoys laid on their Anchors, and what they had thrown over board.

On the 5th, in the Morning, I sent Capt. Ewer, of Marines, to the Isle d'Aix with 140 Marines,



Marines, in order to destroy the new Works carrying on there; which he accordingly effected, preserving good Order, and giving no Disturbance to the Inhabitants of the Island.

When we got out of Basque Road on the 7th, I learned from a Neutral Ship from St. Martin's, that the large Convoy, chased by us on the 4th, was laden with Provisions, Stores, &c. for America, with 15 more ready at Bourdeaux, to have been escorted by the Ships of War which lay at Ile d'Aix.

Admiralty Office, April 22.

On the 7th Instant, the *Essex* of 64 Guns, with the *Pluto* and *Proserpine* Fire Ships, which sailed the 24th of last Month in order to join Sir Edward Hawke, fell in with 12 Sail of the Enemy's Merchant Ships, escorted by a Frigate of 22 Guns, from Bourdeaux, bound to Quebec, and took the Frigate, called the *Galathée*, a Letter of Marque of 20 Guns, and one Merchant Ship. Captain Hume, of the *Pluto*, was unfortunately killed engaging the Letter of Marque.

The *Antelope* and *Speedwell* Sloop have taken two more of the abovementioned Merchant Ships.

Saville House, April 20.

This Day Baron Kniphausen, Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia, had a private Audience of his Royal Highness Prince Edward.

And afterwards of her Royal Highness Princess Augusta at Leicester House.

To both which he was introduced by Charles Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, Dec. 1, 1757.

WHEREAS adhering to the King's Enemies, by giving to them Aid or Comfort, either within his Realm, or elsewhere, is High Treason, and the Concealment thereof is Misprision of Treason;

And Whereas the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury have received Information, That a Loan of Money for that Purpose is at this Time negotiating in this Kingdom; Their Lordships do hereby promise a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds to any Person, by whose Discovery any Subject of His Majesty, or any Person residing within this Realm, shall be convicted of lending or advancing directly or indirectly, or of causing or procuring to be so lent or advanced, or of subscribing for, or contributing to, or of soliciting or contracting for or remitting, either in Coin or Bullion, or by Bill or Bills of Exchange, or by any other Means whatsoever, any Sum or Sums of Money, to or for the Use or Purpose aforesaid. The said Reward to be paid immediately on the Conviction of every such Offender, by the Solicitor of the Treasury, without Deduction, their Lordships having given Directions for the immediate Prosecution of such Offenders.

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, April 18, 1758.

THE Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give Notice, that they are ready to receive Proposals from any Person or Persons willing to supply Ammunition Bread, Bread Waggon with four Horses each, Forage, Wood for Firing, and Straw, for the Use of His Majesty's Troops to be encamped this Summer, and to be delivered at or near the several Places of Encampments. Which Proposals are to be delivered, sealed up, and directed to James West, Esq; their Lordships Secretary, at the said Treasury Chambers any Time on or before Tuesday the 25th Instant.

Whitehall, April 8, 1758.

Whereas it hath been humbly represented to His Majesty, that there was found before the Hall Door of Godfrey Copley, Esq; at Sprotbrough in the County of York, on the 10th of September last, an Anonymous Letter without a Date, threatening not only Mischief, but even Murder, to some of the said Mr. Copley's Family, whose Names are therein mentioned: And whereas a second Anonymous Letter likewise without Date was found under the Rapper of the said Hall Door at Sprotbrough aforesaid, on the 20th of March last, threatening to cut the said Mr. Copley's Coach, and murder Lionel Copley, Esq; his Brother, and other Persons in the Family, whose Names are mentioned in the said Letter: And whereas there are strong Grounds to suspect such Letters to be the Contrivance of a Confederacy of evil disposed and wicked Persons, some of whom have received Favours from the said Mr. Copley: His Majesty for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Author or Authors of the said two threatening Letters, is hereby pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any one concerned in writing or carrying the said Letters, or either of them, (except the said Person or Persons who actually wrote or carried the said Letters, or either of them) who shall discover the Person or Persons who actually wrote or carried the same, so that he, she, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

W. PITT.

And as a further Encouragement, the said Godfrey Copley doth hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds to any Person making such Discovery as aforesaid, to be paid by him upon the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, in Lieu of Forty Guineas before advertised as a Reward for discovering the Person or Persons who wrote or carried the said first Anonymous threatening Letter.

G. Copley.

Whitehall, April 12, 1758.

Whereas it hath been humbly represented to His Majesty, that on Tuesday the 11th Instant, at Eleven o'Clock at Night, the Temporary Bridge erected for a Passage during the Alteration of London Bridge was set on Fire, and in the Space of a few Hours burnt down and entirely consumed, whereby the Passage over the said Bridge is totally destroyed: And whereas there are the strongest Grounds to believe, that the said Temporary Bridge was wilfully and maliciously set on Fire by the Contrivance or Conspiracy of evil disposed and wicked Persons, His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Perpetrator or Perpetrators of a Crime so very infamous and detestable, is hereby pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any one of the Persons concerned in contriving the same, (except the Person or Persons who actually set the said Temporary Bridge on Fire) who shall discover the Person or Persons who set the said Bridge on Fire, so that he, she, or they, be apprehended and convicted thereof.

W. PITT.

And as a further Encouragement, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, do hereby promise a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds to any Person making such Discovery as aforesaid, (except the Person or Persons who actually set the said Bridge on Fire) to be paid by the Chamberlain of London, on Conviction of such Offender or Offenders.

Guildhall, April 12, 1758.

Hodges.

London, April 19, 1758.

The Governors and Assistants of the Societies of the City of London, of and for the Mines Royal, and of and for the Mineral and Battery Works, give Notice, that a General Court will be held at their House in Bush Lane, Cannon Street, on Monday the 1st Day of May next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, for the Election of Governors and Assistants under the Mines Royal Charter, for the Year ensuing; and that the Transfer Book of the said Corporations will be shut from and after Wednesday the 26th Instant, and opened again on Wednesday the 3d of May next.

J. Stokes, Secretary.

River Dee Office, April 12, 1758.

Notice is hereby given, that the General Court of the Company of Proprietors of the Undertaking for Recovering and Preserving the Navigation of the River DEE, which was held this Day, will be held by Adjournment on Wednesday the 26th Instant, at Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon, on special Affairs, of which all concerned are desired to take Notice.

Trinity House, London, April 20, 1758.

Whereas the Floating Light Vessel near the Edystone Rock was broke away from her Moorings on the 14th Instant, in a hard Gale of Wind: Notice is hereby given, that the said Light Vessel will be replaced with the utmost Expedition, of which publick Notice will be given.

The Commissioners in an Act of Parliament, intituled, "An Act to enable the Reverend William Markham, Doctor of Laws, and Thomas Salter, Esquire, to build Houses and open a Square in and upon a certain Piece of Ground called Dean's Yard, Westminster, and several Pieces of Ground contiguous thereto," intend to meet on Tuesday the 2d, and Thursday the 11th Days of May next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon on each of the said Days, at the Standard Tavern in New Palace Yard, Westminster, for the Purpose of carrying the said Act into Execution.

Notice is hereby given, that the Officers and Seamen of His Majesty's Ship Biddeford, Samuel Hood, Esq; Commander, who were at the taking the Victoire and Desire French Prizes, and the retaking the Milling Snow, in Company with His Majesty's Ship Harwich, will be paid their respective Shares of Prize Money at the Arrival of the Biddeford at Portsmouth; and for three Years afterwards, the first Tuesday in every Month, at Mr. Thomas Rickman's in Portsmouth.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ship Fowey, the Raven and Diligence Sloops, who were actually on Board at the taking the Dolphin, a Danish Ship, that they will be paid their respective Shares for the French Cargo of the said Ship, at the Places and Times as follow: The Fowey at the Navy Coffee House, on Thursday the 4th of May; The Raven and Diligence Sloops at the French Horn and Dolphin in Crutched Fryars, on Thursday the 4th and Friday the 5th of May next, between the Hours of Ten and Two. And that the Recalls will be every first Thursday in the Month, for one Year, between the Hours of Eleven and Two, Holydays excepted; and on the first Thursday in every three Months, for two Years after, at the said Places and Time.

Advertisements.

Dr. ANDERSON's, or The Famous SCOTS PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mulletts Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella Inghish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epsom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

By the King's Patent,

DR. Lowther's Powders have performed astonishing Cures in all Cases of Fits in young and old; in Tremblings, Faintings, Swoonings, Sick Quasms, Reachings, Loathings, lost Appetites, bad Digestion, Weak Nerves, Flutterings, Palpitations, Anxieties, confused Thoughts, Lethargies, dull melancholick Dispositions, Vapours, low Spirits, Restlessness, Weariness, frightful Dreams, Pains in the Head and Stomach, Vertiges, Swimmings, Dizziness, Flushings, the Cramp, Contractions, sudden Catchings, and Obstructions of all Kinds, &c. They are sold in 6s. and 3s. Parcels, at Brooke's Warehouse, Fleet Street, where Dr. Lowther attends Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, from Ten to One, to give his Advice gratis. They are sold also at Dawson's Blanket Warehouse, the Foot of Westminster Bridge, where the Doctor gives Advice gratis, from Two to Four every Tuesday.

This Day is published, Price Sixpence,
(To be continued Weekly till the Whole is finished.)
Nº IX. Containing elegant Engravings of the Heads of King Edward IV. and Russell first Duke of Bedford, and three Sheets of Letter-press, of THE Complete HISTORY of ENGLAND.

From the Descent of Julius Cæsar to the Treaty of Am- la-Chapelle, 1748.

By T. S. MOILETT, M. D.

Dedicated to the Right Hon. WILLIAM PITT, Esq;

The Whole to be comprized in One Hundred and Ten Sixpenny Numbers, elegantly printed in Octavo, and adorned with One Hundred and Sixty-Nine Plates, Heads of Monarchs and illustrious Persons, which will be delivered to the Purchasers without any further Expence.

A List of the Copper-plates, and the Particulars of the Proposals, may be seen in any of the late News Papers.

Printed for J. Rivington and J. Fletcher, and R. Baldwin, in Paternoster Row.

DR. JAMES's Powder for FEVERS,
and other Inflammatory Distempers, published by Virtue of His MAJESTY's ROYAL LETTERS PATENT, will remove (as has been experienced in many thousand Cases) any continual acute Fever in a few Hours, though attended with Convulsions, Light-headedness, and the worst Symptoms: But if taken in the Beginning of a Fever, one Dose is generally sufficient to perform a Cure.

It is likewise a most effectual Remedy for all internal Inflammation, Pleurisy, Quincies, acute Rheumatism, and the Lowness of Spirits, and Uneasinesses proceeding from slow and latent Fevers, which are generally mistaken for Vapours and Hysterics; and a single Dose remarkably stops the Progress of a Cold, and certainly prevents the ill Consequences arising from that very common Disorder, the Source of almost all Distempers.

This Powder (which is a very safe and pleasant Medicine to take) is sold by J. Newbery at the Bible and Sun in St. Paul's Church-yard, over-against the North Door of the Church, at 2s. 6d. the two Doses, with good Allowance to those who buy it for charitable Uses, or to sell again.

* See a Dissertation on Fevers, and other Inflammatory Distempers, sold at the Place above-mentioned. Price 6d.

TIDD's ÆOLUS,

SO experimentally known and approved of by the Royal Family, Nobility, and Gentry in England and Foreign Parts, for refreshing the Air in Rooms to any desired Degree, without endangering the least Cold to the most Delicate, prevents Chimneys from Smoking, dissipates obnoxious Vapours and offensive Smells; it has also the peculiar and advantageous Property of giving the Quantity of Air desired to every Room; it makes no Noise, gives no Trouble, is an Ornament, and may be managed with Pleasure. For a more particular Account of the above useful Machine, see the Reverend Doctor Hales on the use of Ventilators, just published by R. Manby, in the Old Bailey. Page 157, where its excellent Qualities are explained.

The above Ventilators may be had from One Guinea to Five, of the Inventor and Proprietor; who may be spoke with, from Eleven o'Clock to One in the Forenoon, at C. Moran's, Book-seller, at the Shakespear's Head in Leicester Square, or at Mr. Dixon's, Carpenter, in Air Street, Piccadilly.

✎ Air Trunks, which will carry off all obnoxious Vapours and Smells from Out-houses, &c. may likewise be had of the above Inventor.

Friday the 14th Day of April, in the 31st Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, 1758, between William Ayling, Plaintiff; Sir Charles Peyton, Bart. and others, Defendants.

UPON the Plaintiff's humble Petition this Day preferred unto the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls, for the Reasons therein contained; and upon reading the Six Clerk's Certificate, and the Affidavit of James Smith. It is ordered, that the said Defendant Sir Charles Peyton do appear to the Plaintiff's Bill on or before the first Day of next Term.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Clement Styles, late of South Merton in the County of Berks, deceased, are to come in and prove their Debts before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Curriers-street, London, otherwise they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, The Manor of Hopton, and divers Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, lying in the several Parishes of Churchstoke, Bishop's Castle, Clun, Liddbury, and Bettus in the County of Salop, and Kerry and Montgomery in the County of Montgomery, of the yearly Value of 960l. and upwards, late the Estates of Charles Mason, Esq; deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be sold peremptorily, together or in separate Lots, at the Option of the Bidders, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, London, on Friday the 26th Day of May next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, A Leasehold Estate called the Folly, situate in the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne, lately used as a Distillery, with the Utensils and Implements belonging to or used in the said Distillery. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.